

THE JOURNAL.

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GALLIPOLIS.

THURSDAY, - MARCH 27, 1861.

The Furnace holders and other enterprising citizens in the valley of Raccoon and vicinity, are, as we are informed, contemplating buying out the mill dams through the whole range of the county, and will dedicate the creek to public use, to be kept as a public highway for all future time. We are informed by those who are acquainted with the Raccoon valley, that no improvement, at the same amount of expense, that can be made in this county, would conduce so much to the interest of the farmers and iron manufacturers as the one in contemplation. From the known energy of those who are moving in this matter, we conclude that the thing will be speedily accomplished.

The owners of the dams along the creek are equally interested with the balance of the inhabitants, in having the stream open and free for navigation, and should meet advances for that purpose, in that spirit which may best secure an object so desirable. Our good wishes for the enterprise.

The Virginia Constitutional Convention has been engaged in debating what seems to be the all absorbing question before the Convention, the basis of representation. Mr. Summers, of Kanawha, was chairman of the basis committee. The committee was not able to agree upon a report, but divided, the Western members reporting in favor of the white basis, and the East for a mixed basis. The debate in the Convention has been going on for weeks. Smith, of Kanawha, Fisher, of Mason, and McComas, of Cabell, have spoken in favor of the white basis.

The Kanawha papers contain an account of an affray between two men, named Hezekiah Daggs, and Roswell L. Cobbs, which resulted in the death of Cobbs. Daggs struck him with a hunters' knife. He made his escape.

Gen. McDuffie, of South Carolina, is dead. He entered Congress in 1821 and served fourteen years successively, and after being out of Congress eight years, he was elected U. S. Senator in 1843, in which capacity he served nearly or quite six years. He was always an able and eloquent advocate of the peculiar views of Mr. Calhoun, whose lead he implicitly followed.

Court of Common Pleas commenced its Spring session in this county on Monday last. The new Associate, Judge Carter, was not present, his commission not taking effect till the 31st, through some blunder at Columbus. The criminal docket is likely to be large, several arrests having taken place within a week past. We shall notice the result of the charges after final hearing.

ALEX. E. GLENX, Grand Secretary of the Order of Odd Fellows, cautions "the members of the Order throughout the country to beware of an individual calling himself W. H. Tew, and designating himself "Professor Tew." He lectures on what he calls the science of "Anthropology!" He professes to be an Odd-Fellow, and has doubtless gained admission to some lodges; but he is a grand impostor."

The Locos of Cincinnati have nominated Mark B. Taylor for Mayor.

W. E. Tupper of "Proverbial Philosophy" notoriety, came over by the Asia. He intends taking a tour through this country.

Major Noah, so long connected with the press, died in New York on the 18th. He was a Jew.

Greely, of the N. Y. Tribune, says of the apportionment under the new Constitution:

"It strikes us that a more scandalously partisan and unjust apportionment has not been devised."

STEAM BOAT ACCIDENT.—A gentleman who came down from Pittsburgh on Sunday, informs us that the steamer "Lowell" was run into by the "S. F. Vinton," last Saturday night about twenty miles below Wheeling, and sunk immediately. It was thought that some twelve lives were lost; eight bodies had been recovered before our informant passed down. It occurred about nine o'clock at night while the Lowell was rounding out. The Lowell was bound for the Wabash and was heavily laden. We did not understand to whom the blame should be attached.

THE WASHINGTON UNION.—Maj. A. J. Donelson, of Tenn., announced in the Union of the 15th inst. that he and Gen. Robert Armstrong, of the same State, had purchased that establishment and after the 15th of April they will jointly assume its control.

The Boston Atlas thinks the Atwood men will hold the balance of power in New Hampshire. The editor puts down the Whigs of the House of Representatives at 126, Atwood men 22, Locofocos, proper, 123. No choice of Governor by the people. The Legislature will choose, but who will be elected remains to be seen.

J. Hunt, of the Morgan Herald, has retired from the management of that excellent Whig paper. He is succeeded by J. A. Adair.

ADJOURNMENT.—The Legislature adjourned to-day, (Wednesday,) at 3 o'clock P. M.

THE FREE BANKING LAW.—This bill has passed both branches of the Legislature, and is now a law.

The Whigs of the Richmond, Va., district have nominated John M. Botts for Congress.

The Legislature of Virginia has postponed the State and Congressional elections from April next to October.

GOVERNOR SHANNON.—The Wheeling Argus, of March 18th, states that Governor Shannon has returned from California, well laden with rocks, and in good health.

J. Greiner, the poet Laureate of Ohio and Public Librarian at Columbus, has been appointed and confirmed by the Senate, as Indian agent to New Mexico.

The State Journal says it has not learned whether he accepts or not.

JENNY LIND.—The Cincinnati Atlas, of the 22d, says:

"Mr. Le Grand Smith, agent for P. T. Barnum, arrived in this city Thursday morning. He is now engaged in making preparations for Jenny Lind's Concerts, the first of which will probably take place between the 10th and 15th of April."

Jenny Lind is now in St. Louis. That city is full of strangers all anxious to hear her. She will probably visit Nashville before coming to Cincinnati.

Amin Bey, the Turkish Commissioner, took leave of the President and the Cabinet last Saturday week, to return to his native country.

At Springfield, Mass., on the 17th, the railroad depot was entirely destroyed by fire, and several persons were badly injured, by endeavoring to extinguish the flames.

BISHOP HAMLINE.—The health of this excellent man was still very bad at the last advices from Peoria. He was then daily growing more feeble, and his family and friends had very little hope of his recovery.

We have received the first number of "The Progress of the Age," published in Lexington, Ky. Perhaps the character of the paper may be best known from the following at the head of its columns:—"Peoples candidate for Governor, Cassius M. Clay."

Another trial in Massachusetts to elect a Senator has failed. The election was postponed a fortnight.

Lawrence, State Senator from Logan, has been elected Reporter to the Court in Bank. Mr. L. is a Whig.

Ex-Gov. Hamilton Fish, (Whig,) has been elected U. S. Senator from New York.

FEMALE SCHOOL.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that the second term of Miss Lang's school will commence on Monday next.

THE LICENSE QUESTION.—That provision in the new Constitution providing for taking the vote of the people on the question whether the Legislature shall be allowed the right of granting license to sell spirituous liquors, should be remembered. The law by the present Legislature has, so far as that body is concerned, settled the question, and we believe correctly represents the opinions of a majority of the people.

This provision, if made a part of the Constitution of the State, merely takes away the right, which the Legislature now possesses, of granting license to sell, leaving the right to regulate the traffic. In truth, it is only a provision prohibiting any one from exercising the exclusive right to sell on the payment of a fixed sum.

Horton, of the Senate, and Cherrington and Bundy, of the House, have our thanks for Legislative favors.

WANTED.—At this office, a boy about 15 years of age, that has a pretty good education, to learn the Art of Printing.

The Virginia Legislature was to adjourn last Monday. The Kanawha Republican says a bill has passed authorizing the Board of Public Works to subscribe \$2,400 towards the erection of a bridge over Pocahontas, on the Charleston and Pt. Pleasant turnpike.

The steamer WM. PHILLIPS, having been thoroughly repaired and repainted, is now running between Pomeroy and Portsmouth. She is in charge of excellent officers.

Mr. John Walker has placed us under obligations for a late Kanawha paper. Our thanks are due Mr. Montague, of the Skipper, for similar favors.

We have been kindly favored by the officers of those palaces, the Pittsburgh Packets, with late papers.

A. A. Adams, the celebrated tragedian, died in Cincinnati one day last week.

The Free Banking bill passed the House by the following vote, yeas 35, Whigs and Free Soil, nays 25, all Locos.

THE COST.—Among the late foreign items, we find this:

Mr. Potter, of the Board of Trade, has reported that the working classes of England expend annually for gin, beer and tobacco, £57,000,000.

WOOL.—The Western Ohio papers say that speculators are already in the field, contracting for the next clip of wool. Wool has advanced 6 to 10 cts. a pound, and ranges from 45 to 48 cts. *Chil. Adv.*

FREE BANKING.—The Cincinnati Atlas thus describes the modus operandi of the free-banking system as exercised in the State of New York:

"Suppose A and B, a firm of bankers issue their bank notes to the amount of \$40,000, for which they have filed the stock of the State of Ohio, now worth 40 per cent above par. They must have likewise \$25,000 actual capital. Now suppose they fail. The State Treasurer immediately sells the \$40,000 State stock, and cashes the notes, on presentation.

But suppose, says some one, the stock may be deposited, is there no danger of loss? No. There is little probability, with the advance of wealth in our State, that our stocks will again fall below par; but if they should, the creditors of the firm of A and B have the same resort to their assets, that the creditors of any mercantile firm have, so that the State security is all extra. It would, therefore, be little less than miraculous, if the holders of the notes lost anything."

Locomotion.—The New York and Erie Railroad will be completed to Dunkirk the first of May, and the railway between Cleveland and Cincinnati is now in operation. On the first of May New York and Cincinnati will be within 40 hours of each other.

Travelers can leave New York at 6 o'clock in the morning, arrive at Dunkirk at 10 o'clock the same evening, then by fast steamers to Cleveland at 10 next morning, then on to Cincinnati through the feeding portion and Capital of Ohio, arriving at the Queen city at 3 o'clock, P. M. And when the link between Cleveland and Dunkirk is finished, the locomotion will be still more rapid. By that time, however, there will be other railroad lines via Baltimore and Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, by which the time between Cincinnati and New York will be lessened.

Cin. Gazette.

Treason.—Horne Tooke, on being asked by a foreigner of distinction, how much treason an Englishman might venture to write, without being hanged, replied, that he could not inform him just yet, but that he was trying.

The Western Reserve.
VAUGHAN, of the True Democrat, (Abol.) in jubilating over Wade's election, says:
Let us rejoice, also, that the Senator is from the Reserve! We shall be known now, politically, in Ohio! Known politically in Ohio? We should think so. Let us see what high officials are residents of the Reserve.

REUBEN WOOD—Governor.
B. F. WADE—U. S. Senator.
A. A. BLISS—Treasurer of State.
H. W. KING—Secretary of State.
P. HITCHCOCK, } Judges of Supreme Court.
R. P. SPALDING, }
R. P. RANNEY, }
E. N. SILL, Acting Fund Commissioner.

E. S. HAMLIN—Pres't Board Public Works.
J. F. MORSE—Speaker H. R.
L. DEWEY—Warden Penitentiary.

We think that is doing pretty well for the Reserve.—*Cin. Eng.*

Hon. S. F. Vinton.
The Athens Messenger, in noticing the retirement of Hon. S. F. Vinton from Congress, says he has represented the 12th district in the House of Representatives for twenty-two years; and concludes with the very just remark, that the next House will miss its Vinton and its Winthrop.

Whatever partisans may say, no man who has any pretensions to intelligence will deny that Mr. Vinton has filled the post of representative with eminent ability, and that his presence in the House has been of great advantage to the nation. No man had more influence there. His high personal character, his pure integrity, his freedom from all small ware, clap-traps and humbuggery, and his thorough acquaintance with the details of legislation, and the history of what had been done before—all these made him universally respected. His retirement is a national loss. Ohio has been honored, by her representation in Congress, by none more so than in that of Mr. Vinton.—*State Jour.*

LAND WARRANT DECISION.—Mr. Stewart, Secretary of the Interior, has given his opinion to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, that land warrants are not assignable. It was assumed by interested parties that the bill to make them assignable had passed through both branches of Congress, and, but for some accident, would have been sent to the President; and further, that had it been so sent, the President would have approved it, and thus it would have been a law in all the proper forms. Taking these for granted, said parties claimed that in spirit the bill was a law, although wanting these important formalities and therefore the Head of the Department should so decide.—*Cin. Eng.*

A letter from Washington to the New York Journal of Commerce says:
Captain Long of the U. S. Navy, is to command the National ship employed to bring over to this country Kossuth and his companions.
Capt. Long will be the bearer of the letter of invitation from this government. I mention this, because several persons have applied for this enviable office—though there is no compensation attached to it.

THE TEXAS TRADE.—A company at the South, have sent an agent to New York, to contract for the building of two steamships, of 1300 tons burthen each, to ply between New Orleans and Galveston. They are to be added to the present steamship line, carrying the mail to Galveston and Matagorda Bay.

COFFEE.—We notice the arrival of a cargo of Coffee from Rio de Janeiro, and sales from it of 2500 bags at 10 1/2c, which is a reduction of 1c. The stock is now 3795 bags against 85,387 at the corresponding date last season. The imports since Sept. 1st, are 156,825 bags direct against 152,625 last year, and 20,940 coastwise against 53,260, showing a net decrease of 28,150 bags. The week's sales sum up 4000 bags, and the ruling rates at the close were 10 1/2c.—*N. O. Bulletin.*

MINNESOTA—Distress among the Indians.—The Minnesota Chronicle of Feb. 10, says that the Indians in the Upper Country, above Crow Wing, are suffering extremely, and many have literally starved to death. It is estimated, by those well informed, that within a short time past, from five to seven hundred of them have died in consequence of privations. A delegation of Chippewa Chiefs had arrived at St. Paul, doubtless for the purpose of laying before the Governor a statement of the distressing state of affairs which exists in their nation, and to ask relief. The means in his hands are, however, small.

SANTA FE.—By a late arrival at St. Louis, the advices from Santa Fe are that the winter has been unusually mild in New Mexico. That extensive arrangements were making by merchants for spring and summer trade—fears were entertained that the market would be overstocked. Corn was from \$3.00 to \$4.25 per bushel—wheat from \$2.00 to \$3.50.

Legislature.
March 18.
SENATE.—The bill to provide for publishing the Constitution, passed. The House resolution to adjourn on the 25th was referred to a committee of two.
Mr. Myers announced the death of Mr. Scranton, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate. After passing resolutions of condolence, and to attend his funeral at 3 o'clock this afternoon, the Senate adjourned till Wednesday morning.

HOUSE.—After some unimportant business, the Senate resolutions relative to the decease of Mr. Scranton, were acted upon and the House adjourned.

March 19.
SENATE.—H. P. Pike was elected Sergeant-at-Arms.

On one of the ballots for Mr. Pike, the one thrown in by Mr. Blockson, of Columbiana, was written the following:
"I voted for the father, 25 years ago, for the same office I now vote for the son to fill."

Mr. Eckley reported back the resolution, authorizing the Governor to pay from his contingent fund the expenses incurred by R. Leet, in bringing to trial the kidnappers of the Polley family; and recommend its passage. Agreed to.

The bill to erect two Lunatic Asylums was brought up and debated.

The bill proposes to appoint a commissioner to examine two sites, one north and one south of the National Road. The bill was ordered to be engrossed—yeas 21, nays 11.

The Senate then took a recess till 7 1/2 o'clock.

HOUSE.—Bill to tax Banks, ordered to be read the third time to-morrow.

Win. Lawrence was elected Reporter to the Court in Bank.

March 20.
SENATE.—A large number of bills were passed, and this has been eminently a working day.
The bill to allow Muskingum, Putnam, &c., to subscribe to the Cincinnati and Zanesville Railroad Company passed; also the bill to incorporate the Great Eastern and Western Railroad Company.

The bill to erect a reservoir in Logan co., was lost.

A resolution instructing the Board of Public Works to re-examine the ground, and if they think it will not cost over \$15,000 to erect said reservoir to have the work done. Passed.

A number of bills were read the third time, most of them by their titles, and passed rapidly, among which we notice one to drain certain swamp lands in Gallia county.

HOUSE.—The bill to tax Banks, also the bill to equalize taxation, also the bill to authorize Free Banking were taken up, and severally discussed at some length, and were each ordered to be read the third time to-morrow.

A resolution was passed to adjourn sine die Wednesday, March 26.

March 21.
The Free Bank bill passed the House with a slight amendment, which the Senate agreed to and it is now a law. Both Houses agreed to adjourn on the 26th.

March 22.
Among the bills passed in the Senate was one to lay out and establish a State road, in the counties of Lawrence and Gallia.

The proceedings in either House to day, were not of general interest.

COLUMBUS, March 24.
SENATE.—The House bill revising and remodeling the School Laws of the State was amended and passed. The bill to repeal the ten per cent. interest law was debated at length.

The bill was then indefinitely postponed—yeas 16, nays 8.

A resolution appointing W. C. Sullivan, State House Commissioner, passed.

A bill prohibiting the advertising of any Lotteries by papers in Ohio passed. A bill requiring the Board of Agriculture to publish the report of the Board themselves hereafter, passed.

A resolution was passed to go into an election of President Judge in place of B. F. Wade, and Associate Judges for Noble county, and an Attorney General, passed.

The bill to repeal the charter of the Clinton Bank was lost, 13 to 15.

HOUSE.—The bill to allow the City Council of Cincinnati to borrow one million dollars to improve the landing at that city, was lost.

The Senate resolution to go into an election this evening, passed.

Senate bill authorizing the purchase of bridges over the Muskingum river at Zanesville, so as to make them free, passed.

Bill to incorporate the great Eastern and Western Railroad Co., passed.

The Senate bill prohibiting papers in Ohio from advertising Lotteries, &c., passed.

ARRIVAL OF THE FRANKLIN.
New York, March 22.
The steamship Franklin has arrived, bringing one week's later advices from Europe. She left Cowes on the 8th, and on the 9th at 9 A. M., off Scilly Island, she saw the mail steamer Washington, hence for Southampton.

LIVERPOOL, MARCH 21st.
The tone of the Cotton market is heavier, and in some instances a decline of 1d had been submitted to. American stocks were quiet, and prices were easier.

The Manchester market was less active, and the late advices were not readily paid.

The Ministerial crisis is over, and the old Ministry has been re-organized. The report of war with the Caffers, at the Cape of Good Hope, is fully confirmed.

Owing to the inability of Lord Stanley to form a protectionist Ministry, the Duke of Wellington advised the recall of Lord John Russell and associates—and Lord John has resumed the Premiership, and there is a likelihood of no change in the Ministry.

The Papal aggression, it is said, will undergo vigorous modification. The new budget is to be brought out, and it is possible that Lord Aberdeen, Sir James Graham and others, will coalesce with the Ministry.

The sales of Cotton during the week comprised 35,740 bales. Owing to an increased quantity offering, prices are slightly in favor of buyers, but holders are generally firm.

Another Arrival.
The steamer Artic has arrived at N. York.

Lord John Russell, on resuming the reins of government, made some statements in the House of Commons of the new features in his policy. He proposes to repeal the income tax, which amounts to £500,000 or £600,000, and imposes a tax upon corn, which would cost the country three times that amount. In regard to "ecclesiastical titles bill," it is determined to strike out the under clause which renders invalid all titles executed under the prohibited style and title, and the third clause, by which property conveyed to persons bearing those illegal titles is forfeited to the Crown.

TURKEY.—The question of Hungarian refugees at Katsayeh has been definitely arranged. The Emperor of Austria has granted a full and entire amnesty to those refugees, on condition that they shall not attempt to re-enter Hungary. Eight of them, however, are excepted, in which number are Kossuth and Count Bathany.

Gen. Winfield Scott.
The Meigs County Telegraph, of last Thursday, places at its masthead the name of Winfield Scott as its choice for President in 1852. The editor dwells at length upon the claims and merits of Gen. Scott, and concludes as follows:

"He is sound on all the controlling ideas of national policy,—Protection to American Labor,—the fostering and protection of the mighty interest of Western commerce, by the improvement of our gigantic system of Rivers and Lakes—and the encouragement of the infant energies of the illimitable West. He is a National man by education, by association and by reputation.

Where is the American whose heart does not swell with pride when contemplating his colossal reputation. From the battle of Niagara to the heights of Cherusko, his career has been one of uninterrupted success and renown. He now stands in the estimation of all nations, as the ablest captain of the age. He is no less distinguished as a civilian—has shown in the cabinet with equal lustre as in the field. His efforts during the Canada rebellion has earned for him the title of the "Great Pacificator," who by his wise caution, and firm patriotism, averted the calamity of a war with Britain. His unjust treatment by the Polk Administration, and his more recent ungenerous treatment by the locofocos of Congress, has aroused the sympathies of the American People in his behalf, and 1852 will show that the nation knows how to reward a faithful servant, in the person of the ablest general in her history."

WHEAT IN FLORIDA.—We learn from the Tallahassee Journal that several of the planters in Gadsden, Florida, are engaging to a small extent in the cultivation of Wheat.

The Journal says that an experience of one or two years past has satisfied them that this grain can be grown to profit in many portions of that country. The grain seems to lose nothing in weight, and the yield is as prolific as the regions further North. A single bushel weighed by Dr. White, who has been experimenting in its production for some time, gave sixty-five pounds—sixty-two pounds, we believe, being the merchantable weight.

One day last week a drove of 675 hogs from Ohio, passed through this place, on their way to Richmond.—An unusual occurrence, at this season of the year. They go to that market, we learned, on contract, at \$4.50 per cwt.—*Kan. Rep.*

Correspondence of the Gallipolis Journal.

COLUMBUS, March 17, 1861.
Eds. Journal: The following elections have been made:
Hon. Benj. F. Wade, Whig, U. S. Senator.

John Woods, W. Auditor of State.
John Greiner, W. State Librarian.
E. N. Sill, W. Fund Commissioner.
Hon. A. G. Brown, W. President Judge 9th judicial circuit.

Hon. John Pearce, W. President Judge 6th judicial circuit.
Ralph S. Hart, W., President Judge 20th judicial circuit.
George Hoodley Jr., Free Soil, Judge Superior Court, Cin.

R. P. Ranney, Loco, Judge Supreme Court, active, Judge Avery resigned.
Charles L. Eaton, Whig, Director Penitentiary.

Hamilton Davidson, W., Receiver State Land Office.
J. C. Curtis, W., Register State Land Office.

Isaac A. Mills, W., Maj. Gen. 9th Division.
R. B. Harlan, W., Maj. Gen. 16th Division.

John Lippincott, W., Maj. Gen. 23d Division.
Hon. B. F. Wade, Senator elect, is an original Taylor Whig, who left the bench and took the stump in 1848 for "Old Zack," and in 1850 labored effectively for Judge Johnson. He is a man of talents and political integrity. The Whigs of Ohio have cause of rejoicing in securing so able an advocate of their principles in the U. S. Senate, for, like Corwin, he will make his mark there.

Of John Woods, Auditor; E. N. Sill, Fund Commissioner, I need not speak, the manner in which they have discharged the duties of their respective stations, is their best eulogium. All, of all parties, acknowledge them to have been very efficient and correct public officers.

John Greiner, the poet laureate of Ohio, is the most popular and valuable Librarian the State has ever had, and indeed it would have been a great misfortune for his place to have been filled with a stranger.

Of the several Judges, I need not speak, more than to say that all parties will be satisfied and rejoiced at the election of Hon. A. G. Brown, President of the 8th judicial circuit. His modesty, equanimity, blandness of manners, impartiality and gentlemanly bearing, make for him friends in whatever sphere he moves.

There seems to be but one sentiment among the Whigs here, as to the result of the Legislative elections. The Democrats, including Col. Medary, of course are not so well pleased; among them there is considerable restiveness, and it is said that some of the faithful swear like the "army in Flanders." They resorted to every expedient to prevent any elections this winter, believing that Gov. Wood could fix up matters just to their liking; on the heels of his appointments, the new Constitution with its partisan apportionment would be ushered in, and then Whig destiny was hermetically sealed. But their "deep laid train," thus far, has not operated just as they expected, and some of the wire workers, and aspirants are "chopfallen" just at this time. Take it all in all we are inclined to think, that our "good star" must have been in the ascendant. There will probably be an adjournment when the Free Bank bill passes the House, which it is hoped will transpire this week, unless the Democrats should hastily leave us without a quorum.

There is a decided majority in the House favorable to it, composed of the Whigs and Free Soilers. The Democrats desire it to pass, but having planned themselves as a party on the 8th January resolutions, they must show fight in every possible manner to be consistent.

It is uncertain whether there will be an attempt to district the State for Congressional purposes. It is the opinion of many, that if the new Constitution is adopted, there will be a necessity for an extra session of the existing General Assembly, in order to provide ways and means for the carrying out of some of its provisions.

You are already sufficiently taxed by the excessive length of this epistle, therefore to preserve your proverbial equanimity of temperament, I will bring it to a close.

Yours,
B.

ESCAPE OF CONVICTS.—Two of the Convicts of the Ohio Penitentiary made their escape last Wednesday evening. When the prisoners in the State House yard were mustered to march back to the Penitentiary, it was found that two of them were missing. Immediate search was made, which lasted till after dark, but they were not to be found. Their striped cloths were discovered, from which it is inferred that they were supplied with other garments by some one, and just before the hour of leaving, changed clothes, and walked out with the other laborers, not convicts. They are now at large. Their names are Johnson and Farquar.

P. S.—The above-mentioned worthies have been found—they were in the vault of the water closet of the new State House. They had been there two days, and had laid aside provisions for several days.

FROM TEXAS.—Galveston papers to the 4th inst. have been received. They do not contain any news of importance.

The Mexicans attribute most of the Indian depredations in the vicinity of the Rio Grande to the management of Wild Cat.

The schooner Blanch M. Sears was driven ashore on Padre Island on the 31st ult., and is a complete wreck.

An affray occurred in Sabine county on the 22d ult. between two men named Lovin (father and son) and a youth named Hoffman, when the latter, after having been twice wounded, shot old Lovin through the body, killing him instantly.